## Paratexts in Premodern Writing Cultures

## 24-25 June 2024 Ghent, Belgium

The <u>Database of Byzantine Book Epigrams project</u> (DBBE) will organize a conference on "Paratexts in Premodern Writing Cultures", which will take place in Ghent on 24-25 June 2024.

The study of paratexts has become increasingly crucial to the understanding of premodern book culture. The growing scholarly attention to the historical and cultural significance of the material features of textual supports has led to a keen interest in these texts that according to Genette's definition are situated on the threshold between the extratextual and the textual. They can be studied as unique vectors of knowledge, as testimonies to a history of reading, and as indications for spiritual, cultural, and economic motivations behind book production and consumption.

Since its inception in 2010, the DBBE project has aimed to collect Byzantine book epigrams (or: metrical paratexts) in an open-access <u>online database</u>, conceived and developed with an interdisciplinary approach. Book epigrams, in the Byzantine Greek tradition, are poems that provide us with more information about the books they are written in. In many of these poems, scribes, patrons, and book owners reveal their presence and feelings, by means of colophons, prayers, and dedicatory epigrams. Book epigrams may also comment on the texts transmitted in the manuscripts and their authors, or on the miniatures that appear in books. In other book epigrams the readers are addressed and involved in an imaginary dialogue with the scribe or with the book itself. The paratextual dimension of book epigrams turns out to be a fascinating aspect that connects book culture with broader historical questions.

With this conference we aim to bring together scholars engaged in the exploration of premodern paratexts transmitted in a variety of languages (such as Arabic, Armenian, Greek, Coptic, Hebrew, Latin, Slavonic, Syriac). It is our aim to discuss the nature of paratextuality in medieval manuscripts, to reveal similarities and peculiarities of **paratexts across language borders**, and to understand the broader cultural and historical ramifications of paratexts. We are interested both in the textual evidence of medieval paratexts and in their material transmission.

A crucial aspect of the DBBE project has been its commitment to the development of innovative digital tools. In tandem with the thematic conference, we will also organize a workshop (on 26 June 2024) where computational approaches to the study of premodern languages are discussed. This workshop aims to stimulate an exchange of technical knowledge and good practices and to address the challenges of interoperability and sustainability. More information on this workshop (and a call for papers) will follow in due course.

We invite proposals both for 20-minute papers, and for poster pitches (5-10 minutes).

Possible topics may include, but are not limited to, any of the following:

Theoretical elaborations on the concept and definitions of paratext. Genette's framework includes the
concept of paratext as the general term for referring both to peritexts (elements within a book), and
epitexts (elements outside of a book). However, Genette's terminology avowedly applies only to the age

of the printed book. When applying the concept of "paratext" to manuscript culture, crucial parameters change which alter its essence. Our corpus of book epigrams, for example, rather corresponds to the definition of "peritext". Hence, which theoretical and terminological frameworks can we adopt to better understand extratextual elements typical of premodern writing cultures?

- 2. **New evidence**. Which corpora of paratexts are still unexplored and worth being delved into and edited?
- 3. Texts and **objects**. How are paratexts displayed? To which extent can they supersede the appearance of the main text, being more visible and evident on the material support they appear?
- 4. Methodological elaborations that can be interesting from an intercultural or cross-language perspective. How is similar content (e.g., personal information on scribes, the physical labor of writing, indications of dating, reference to the length of the main text) expressed in different traditions? Which features of paratexts are common to any premodern writing culture, and which are cultural idiosyncrasies?
- 5. Formal features of paratexts. How does the **metrical** status of paratexts impact their visual or literary status? How is their language different from that of the main text? How can we approach the formulaic nature of many paratexts?

Please submit a title and a short abstract (approx. 300 words excluding references) of your paper to <a href="mailto:dbbe@ugent.be">dbbe@ugent.be</a> (subject "Paratexts – abstract") no later than 15 November 2023.

Abstracts should be attached as a PDF file named with the name of the presenters. Full names of the speakers, contact details and affiliation should be clearly written on top of the text. Please indicate whether you want to participate with either a paper or a poster pitch. Accepted speakers will be notified in mid-December.

Please note that we are considering the possibility of **publishing** selected papers presented at the conference. More information will be provided at a later stage.

We look forward to hearing from you, please reach out at <a href="mailto:dbbe@ugent.be">dbbe@ugent.be</a> for any enquiries.

For any further information, please visit our conference website: <a href="https://www.dbbe2024.ugent.be/">https://www.dbbe2024.ugent.be/</a>.

